UNIT 02: GRAMMAR

I. Present tenses

Present Tenses	Some Uses	Positive (Affirmative)	Negative	Interrogative
Present Simple	To describe habits or something that we think is more or less permanent,	I/you/we/they + verb He/she/it + verb + s/es/ies Exp: Chemical engineers design processes for manufacturing chemicals.	do/does + not + verb Exp: The environmental engineer does not ignore the impact of human activities on ecosystems.	Do/Does + subject + verb Exp: Do industrial hygiene and safety engineers prioritize worker safety?
Present Continuous	To describe a fixed future plan, or an activity around or at the time of speaking	The present simple of "be" + verb + ing Environmental engineers are monitoring air quality.	Present simple of be + not + verb + ing Chemical engineers are not currently developing software.	Am/Is/Are + subject + verb + ing Are industrial hygiene and safety engineers implementing new safety protocols?
Present Perfect Simple	To describe an activity that happens at a nonspecific time in the past	have/has + past participle Industrial hygiene and safety engineers have completed extensive safety audits.	have/has + not + past participle Chemical engineers have not yet explored certain areas of nanotechnology.	Have/Has + subject + past participle Have environmental engineers ever conducted extensive biodiversity studies?
Present Perfect Continuous	To describe an activity started in the past and still happening at the time of speaking, or to describe a temporary situation or habits	have/has + been + verb + ing Example: The chemical engineer has been working on sustainable energy solutions.	have/has + not + been + verb + ing The industrial hygiene and safety engineer has not been neglecting noise exposure assessments.	Have/Has + subject + been + verb + ing Example: How long have environmental engineers been focusing on sustainable city development?

Note: You can use the short form: do not = don't, is not = isn't, has not = hasn't, have not = haven't.

Exercise 1: Present Tenses in Engineering

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Choose from the present simple, present continuous, present perfect simple, or present perfect continuous.

1. Chemical Engineering:

1	Chemical engineers (to design) new processes for	manufacturing chamicals
1.	chemical engineers (to design) new processes for	manufacturing chemicals.
2.	Currently, they (to conduct) experiments in labora	tories.
3.	They (to complete) numerous projects by the end of	of the year.
4.	Lately, chemical engineers (to work) on sustainable	le energy solutions.
2.	Environmental Engineering:	
5. Env	rironmental engineers (to assess) and manage environmental engineers	onmental issues.
6. Righ	ht now, they (to implement) successful conservation	n programs.
7. They	y (to monitor) air quality for the past month.	
	ow long environmental engineers opment?	(to focus) on sustainable city
3.	Industrial Hygiene and Safety Engineering:	
9. Indi	ustrial hygiene and safety engineers (to ensure) wor	kplace safety.
10. At	the moment, they (to conduct) risk assessments.	
11. The	ey (to complete) extensive safety audits recently.	
12	industrial hygiene and safety engineers	(to monitor) workplace conditions?

II. Past Tenses

Past tenses	Uses of the Tense	Affirmative Form	Negative Form	Interrogative Form
Past Simple	To describe completed actions or events in the past.	regular verb + ed Chemical engineers designed new processes last year.	did + not + verb Environmental engineers did not ignore water quality assessments.	did + subject + verb Did industrial hygiene and safety engineers prioritize worker safety last month?
Past Continuous	To describe an ongoing action or event in the past.	was/were + verb + ing Environmental engineers were monitoring ecosystem impact.	was/were + not + verb + ing Chemical engineers were not neglecting safety protocols.	was/were + subject + verb + ing Were industrial hygiene and safety engineers implementing new safety protocols in the past?
Past Perfect Simple	To describe an action completed before another action in the past.	had + past participle Industrial hygiene and safety engineers had completed safety audits.	had + not + past participle Environmental engineers had not achieved a complete habitat restoration.	had + subject + past participle Had chemical engineers collaborated with pharmaceutical companies before?
Past Perfect Continuous	To describe an ongoing action that was completed before another point in the past.	had + been + verb + ing Chemical engineers had been working on sustainable energy solutions.	had + not + been + verb + ing Industrial hygiene and safety engineers had not been neglecting noise exposure assessments.	had + subject + been + verb + ing How long had environmental engineers been focusing on sustainable city development?

Note: you can use the short form: did not = didn't, was not = wasn't, had not = hadn't, ... etc.

Exercise 2: Past Tenses in Engineering

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Choose from the past simple, past continuous, past perfect simple, or past perfect continuous.

1. Chemical Engineering:

1.	Last year, chemical engineers	(to design) innovative processes.	
2.	While working on the project, they	(to develop) new materials.	
3.	By the time we visited, they	(to complete) several experiments.	
4.	Chemical engineers	(to focus) on traditional methods before switching to modern	
approa	aches.		
2.	Environmental Engineer	ring:	
5. Env	ironmental engineers	_ (to implement) successful conservation programs.	
6. Throughout the year, they		_ (to monitor) air and water quality.	
7. Befo	ore the conference, they	(to conduct) extensive biodiversity studies.	
8. Env	8. Environmental engineers (to work) on sustainable urban planning for a few ye		
3.]	Industrial Hygiene and S	afety Engineering:	
9. Last	month, industrial hygiene and safet	ty engineers (to ensure) workplace safety.	
10. Wł	nile conducting risk assessments, the	ey (to discover) potential hazards.	
11. Bef	ore the inspection, they	(to complete) extensive safety audits.	
12. Ind	12. Industrial hygiene and safety engineers (to monitor) workplace conditions regularly		

III. Future Tenses

Future tenses	Some uses	Positive	negative	interrogative
		(affirmative)		
Future simple	To describe actions that will happen in the future.	will + verb Chemical engineers will design innovative processes.	will + not + verb Environmental engineers will not ignore air quality assessments.	
Future continuous	To describe ongoing actions that will happen in the future.	ing	will+ not + be + verb + ing Chemical engineers will not be neglecting safety protocols.	will + subject + be + verb + ing Will environmental engineers be addressing sustainability challenges in the future?
Future perfect simple	To describe actions that will be completed before another future action.	will + have + past participle Environmental engineers will have implemented successful programs.	will + not + have + past participle Industrial hygiene and safety engineers will not have addressed certain exposure concerns.	
Future perfect continuous	To describe ongoing actions that will be completed before another future action.	will + have + been + verb + ing Chemical engineers will have been working on sustainable energy solutions for several years.	will + not + have + been + verb + ing Environmental engineers will not have been neglecting sustainable city development.	will + subject + have + been + verb + ing How long will industrial hygiene and safety engineers have been focusing on maintaining safe working environments by the future?

Note: you can use the short form: will = 'll, will not = won't.

Exercise 3: Future Tenses in Engineering

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Choose from the future simple, future continuous, future perfect simple, or future perfect continuous.

1. Chemical Engineering:

1.	Next year, chemical engineers(to design) innovative processes.	
2.	2. At this time next week, they (to	work) on a new project.	
3.	3. By the end of the decade, they(to complete) groundbreaking research.	
4.	4. Chemical engineers (to focus) o	n traditional methods before exploring new approaches.	
	2. Environmental Engineering:		
	5. In the future, environmental engineers measures.	(to implement) advanced pollution control	
6. ′	6. Throughout next year, they (to n	nonitor) climate change impact.	
7.]	7. By the time we check, they (to co	nduct) extensive biodiversity studies.	
8.	8. Environmental engineers (to work) on sustainable city development for a decade.		
	3. Industrial Hygiene and Safety Engine	eering:	
9. :	9. In the coming months, industrial hygiene and sa	afety engineers (to ensure) workplace safety.	
10.	10. While implementing new safety protocols, they	(to discover) potential risks.	
11.	11. By the end of the year, they (to o	complete) comprehensive safety audits.	
12.	12. Industrial hygiene and safety engineers (to monitor) workplace conditions regularly.		